Basic I/O on SIC

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Outline

- Install SIC
- How to use the SIC Assembler
- How to use the SIC Simulator

Install SIC

%sicinstall

- SIC
 - DEV00
 - DEVF1
 - DEVF2
 - LOG
 - INTFILE <intermediate working file for the assembler>
 - LISFILE <the assembly listing>
 - SRCFILE <the source program to be assembled>
 - OBJFILE <the object program generated by the assembler>

How to use the SIC Assembler

%vi SRCFILE

- Source format
 - Bytes 1-8 Label
 9 Blank
 10-15 Operation code (or Assembler directive)
 16-17 Blank
 18-35 Operand
 36-66 Comment

Example1

Label	Operation code	Operand
TEST	START	1000
MAIN	LDX	ZERO
LOAD	LDCH	STR,X
	STCH	SIZE,X
LOOP	TD	OUTDEV
	JEQ	LOOP
	WD	OUTDEV
	TIX	SIX
	JLT	LOAD
OUTDE	V BYTE	X'05'
STR	BYTE	c'Hello!'
SIZE	RESB	6
ZERO	WORD	0
SIX	WORD	6
	END	MAIN

Source program assembling

%sicasm

%more LISFILE

SIC Assembler V1.2

1000		TEST	START	1000
1000	041025	MAIN	LDX	ZERO
1003	509019	LOAD	LDCH	STR,X
1006	54901F		STCH	SIZE,X
1009	E01018	LOOP	TD	OUTDEV
100C	301009		JEQ	LOOP
100F	DC1018		WD	OUTDEV
1012	2C1028		TIX	SIX
1015	381003		JLT	LOAD
1018	05	OUTDEV	BYTE	x'05'
1019	48656C	STR	BYTE	c'Hello!'
	6C6F21			
101F		SIZE	RESB	6
1025	000000	ZERO	WORD	0
1028	000006	SIX	WORD	6
1 <u>0</u> 2B			END	MAIN
*				

Source program assembling(2)

1000 1000 041025 1003 509019 1006 54901F 1009 E01018	LOAD LOOP	START LDX LDCH STCH TD	ZERO
**** unrec	ng operat al format ognized o ng or mis	ion code in oper peration placed o	l field ation field code perand in instruction SIX
1018 05 1019 486560 6C6F21 101F 1025 000000 1028 000006 1028	STR SIZE ZERO		x'05' c'Hello!' 6 0 6 MAIN

How to use the SIC Simulator

%sicsim

SIC SIMULATOR V1.6 COMMAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?

You may now enter any of the commands described below; each command may be abbreviated by entering only its first letter.

Commands

START

- Entering S causes the simulator to read 128 bytes of data from device 00 into memory, starting at address 0000
- RUN
 - This command causes the simulator to begin executing SIC machine language instructions from a program in memory.

Commands(2)

Hcount

- This command is used to specify the maximum number of SIC instructions to be executed in response to a RUN command.
- The maximum value is 9999

h n

Quit

This command is used to terminate the simulation

Commands(4)

```
%sicsim
SIC SIMULATOR V1.6
COMMAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?)
S
COMMAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?
h 9999
CCHHAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?)
r
  9999 INSTRUCTIONS EXECUTED
P=000018
COMMAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?
r
ILLEGAL MACHINE INSTRUCTION
P=00009C
COMMAND: S(tart, R(un, E(nter, D(ump, H(count, B(kpt, Q(uit?
```

Example2-1

ADD	START	1000	ADD FILE FROM INPUT TO OUTPUT
MAIN	LDA	THREE	LOAD CONSTANT 3 INTO REGISTER A
WAIN			
	STA	SAVE1	STORE IN SAVE1
	STA	SAVE	STORE IN SAVE
	JSUB	PRINT	JUMPS TO THE SUBROUTINE
	LDCH	CADD	LOAD CHARACTER "+" INTO REGISTER A
	JSUB	PRINTC	JUMPS TO THE SUBROUTINE
	LDA	TWO	LOAD CONSTANT 2 INTO REGISTER A
	STA	SAVE2	STORE IN SAVE2
	STA	SAVE	STORE IN SAVE
	JSUB	PRINT	JUMPS TO THE SUBROUTINE
	LDCH	CEQU	LOAD CHARACTER "=" INTO REGISTER A
	JSUB	PRINTC	JUMPS TO THE SUBROUTINE
	LDA	SAVE1	LOAD CONSTANT 3 INTO REGISTER A
	ADD	SAVE2	ADD 2 INTO REGISTER A
	STA	SAVE	STORE IN SAVE
	JSUB	PRINT	JUMPS TO THE SUBROUTINE
	J	EXIT	
	~	-//11	



PRINT	LDCH ADD	CZERO SAVE	LOAD CHARACTER "+" INTO REGISTER A ADD 2 INTO REGISTER A
LOOP	TD JEQ WD	OUTDEV LOOP OUTDEV	Test output device Loop until device is ready Write one byte to output device
PRINTC	RSUB TD JEQ WD RSUB	OUTDEV PRINTC OUTDEV	LEAVE THE SUBROUTINE Test output device Loop until device is ready Write one byte to output device LEAVE THE SUBROUTINE

Example2-3

ONE	WORD	1
TWO	WORD	2
THREE	WORD	3
SAVE	RESW	1
SAVE1	RESW	1
SAVE2	RESW	1
OUTDEV	BYTE	x'05'
CZERO	BYTE	c'0'
CADD	BYTE	C'+'
CEQU	BYTE	c'='
EXIT	END	MAIN

Program Result

%more DEV05 => 3+2=5